Ethnomedicinal Recipes for Cardiac and Hypertension Properties from Tribals of Sriharikota Island, Andhra Pradesh

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ABSTRACT

Sriharikota Island in Andhra Pradesh is an elliptical land mass sandwiched between Bay of Bengal in the East and Pulicat lake in the West. Sullurpet is the nearest railway station, which is 18 Km from Sriharikota Island and it is on Chennai–Kolkata trunk line and 90 Km away from North of Chennai. An aboriginal tribe called ‘Yanadi’ dwells in Sriharikota. It is similar to Chenchu community elsewhere in Andhra Pradesh. In spite of the community being drifted from their natural way of life due to agro-rural development activities, a few aged tribals are still able to furnish traditional ethnomedicinal data. So far, no ethnomedico-botanical studies are conducted in this area except for list of 50 plants reported for general ailments/diseases by Suryanarayana et.al (1989). Therefore a detailed study on ethnomedico-botanical uses of the tribals of Sriharikota Island was undertaken for the duration three years (1996-1999). During this work about 280 species are collected having a variety of ethno medico-botanical values. However, the article presents the 4 plant species only having remedial effect for Cardiac and Hypertension Properties (Cardiac tonic Hypertension & blood circulation etc.). The study analyzes the habit and plant part (s) used for ethnomedicinal practices by the tribals of Sriharikota Island.

Keywords: Ethnomedicinal recipes, Cardiac and Hypertension Properties, tribals, Sriharikota.

INTRODUCTION

An aboriginal tribe called ‘Yanadi’ dwells in Sriharikota. It is similar to Chenchu community elsewhere in Andhra Pradesh. Inspite of the community being drifted from the natural way of life due to agro-rural development activities a few aged tribal men are still able to furnish traditional ethnomedico-botanical data. In Sriharikota Island about tribal families are living in 3 colonies viz. Penubakam, Kothachenu and Chengalpalem².

Topography

Sriharikota Island is geographically located at 80° 21” E and 13°22” N to 14°0 N. it is a spindle shaped landmass sandwiched between Bay of Bengal on the East and Pulicat Lake on the West. It is 18 km East of Sullurpet. The nearest railway station located on Chennai-Kolkata trunk line. Chennai is 98 km away from Sriharikota², 19.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

An intensive medico-ethnobotanical survey of Sriharikota Island was undertaken for the duration three years (1996-1999)². Regular periodical fieldwork is conducted covering all the seasons so as not to miss seasonal elements having pharmaceutical value and collected a large number of specimens in their respective phenological stages. Ample field notes recorded pertaining to frequency, abundance, edaphic and morphological characters, which cannot be deducted from exsiccate. Local tribal men are contacted to record data related to ethnomedico-botanical uses, drug preparation and mode of administration etc. After identification, samples are properly processed, mounted on herbarium sheets and deposited in Visodaya Govt. College Herbarium (VGCH) and a duplicate set at SHAR Herbarium, Sriharikota.

Figure A: Locality Map
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

During these studies a good number of ethnomedicinal plants are collected. However, in this paper 4 species of having remedial/control effect on Cardiac and Hypertension Properties (Cardiac tonic Hypertension & blood circulation etc.) are enumerated. Latest scientific name followed by relevant synonyms if any, local name, habit flowering & fruiting season, ethnomedicinal data and their phytochemical composition are also furnished for each species\(^2\)\(^{16}\). Plants marked with asterisk (*) are reported here first time for their remedial/control effect on Cardiac and Hypertension Properties (Cardiac tonic Hypertension & blood circulation etc.) as above mentioned. Their other medicinal uses adopted in the island and elsewhere also given in Annexure.

Enumeration:

1. \(\text{(a)}\) **Euphorbia hirta** L. (EUPHORBIACEAE)


   Erect or appressed herbs, stems often with reddish tinge.


   **Leaf juice for anaemia**: 200g of fresh leaves mixed with equal quantity of *Coccinia grandis* squeezed and obtained juice. 10-15 ml of juice given twice a day orally for 30 days to the patient to cure from bloodlessness.

   **CC**: Triterpenoids, Coumarins, Lignans\(^1,9,11\)

2. \(\text{(b)}\) \* **Limonia acidissima** L. (RUTACEAE) = *Feronia elephantum* Correa in Trans. Linn.

   Ln: Velaga. Sn: Kapitha, Nilamallika.


   Fresh leaves dried and pounded to make powder. 500g leaf powder mixed with 5g onion 20g black pepper. The preparation is well ground and made into pills of Ground nut size. 3-4 pills thrice daily taken orally for relief of **hypertension and general debility** accompanied by head ache.

   This preparation of 5g taken with food for 20 days to get relief of **hypertension** and as a tonic for general debility. **CC**: Citric acid\(^1,10\).
**Figure D:** Tribal Doctors/ Natuvaidyas of Sriharikota

**Medicinal Plant Species – used by Tribals for Cardiac and Hypertension Properties**

- (a) *Euphorbia hirta* L.
- (b) *Limonia acidissima* L.
- (c) *Momordica charantia* L.
- (d) *Terminalia arjuna* (Roxb.ex.DC.) Wt.&Arn.
Other Medicinal uses for Plants of Cardiac and Hypertension Properties from Tribals of Sriharikota Island, Andhra Pradesh reported first time from Sriharikota

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No.</th>
<th>Scientific Name &amp; Family</th>
<th>Local Names</th>
<th>Other Uses</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) <em>Euphorbia hirta</em> L. (EUPHORBIACEAE)</td>
<td>Ln: Palachetha, Pacchaku /Palaaku. Sn: Pusitoa.</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
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<td>(b) <em>Limonia acidissima</em> L. (RUTACEAE)</td>
<td>Ln: Velaga. Sn: Kapitha, Nilamallika.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) <em>Momordica charantia</em> L. (CUCURBITACEAE)</td>
<td>Ln: Kakara. Sn: Kanda Kataka, Karawallilata.</td>
<td>Leaf paste – antiseptic: 30g of leaves taken and ground into paste. It is applied on cattle for wounds and cuts until the wounds are healed.</td>
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<td>(d) <em>Terminalia arjuna</em> (Roxb. ex. DC.) Wt. &amp; Arn. (COMBRETACEAE)</td>
<td>Ln: Maddi. Sn: Arjuna, Dhananjaya.</td>
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3. (c) *Momordica charantia* L. (CUCURBITACEAE)

Ln: Kakara. Sn: Kanda Kataka, Karawallilata.

A slender climber.


Fruit juice–high blood pressure & antidiabetic: 200g fruits are crushed to obtain juice. 10-15 ml of juice taken orally twice a day for 30-40 days to get relief from diabetes and also to control high blood pressure. (Savitam).

CC: Glucoside4

4. (d) *Terminalia arjuna* (Roxb. ex. DC.) Wt. & Arn. (COMBRETACEAE)


10-15 ml large trees, bark grey-white.


Stem bark-cardiac tonic: 200g of fresh stem bark cut into small pieces, taken in 1 lt of water and prepared decoction. 10-15 ml decoction 2-3 times a day to give from heart problem and to control blood pressure. It is continued for 30-40 days to avoid heart attacks.

CC: Arjunolic acid, Arjunic B-sitosterol, ellagic acid, Tannins9,10

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